Title V Fiscal Challenges

- Largest sources of revenue power plants many closed with others closing
- Title V emission reductions equates to significant decreases in Title V fees
- Workload not decreasing but increasing

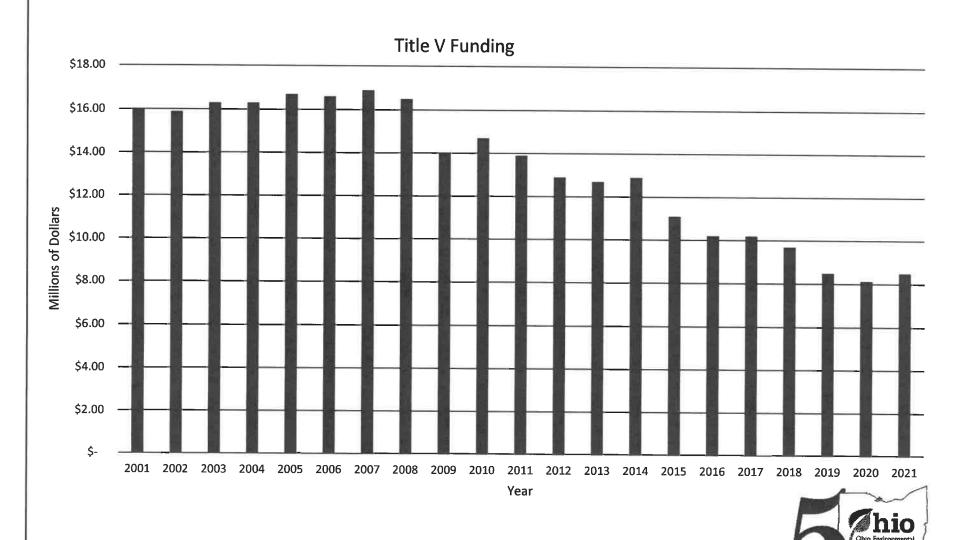


Utility Plant Closures – Lost Revenue

	CY2014	CY2018	Closed/Planned CY2021 Closure
Conesville Power Plant	\$422,000	\$418,000	\$0Closed 2020
Zimmer Power Station	\$410,000	\$424,000	\$451,000 Closed 2022
Killen Generating Station	\$401,000	\$415,000	\$0Closed 2018
W.C. Beckjord Station	\$382,000	\$0	\$0Closed 2014
Avon Lake Power Plant	\$380,000	\$277,000	\$214,000 Closed 2022
W. H. Sammis Plant	\$442,000	\$285,000	\$188,000 Planned 2023
Cardinal Power Plant	\$426,000	\$420,000	\$465,000 Planned 2030
Miami Fort Power Station	\$417,000	\$425,000	\$455,000 Planned 2027



Title V Fees Dropping



Tightening our belts – DAPC Staffing Reduced Over Time

DAPC Staffing Level:

• FY2010 budgeted level: 220.6 FTEs

• FY2012-13 budgeted level: 206.5 FTEs

FY2014-15 budgeted level: 190 FTEs

• FY2016-17 budgeted level: 190 FTEs

FY2018-19 budgeted level: 185 FTEs*

FY2020-21 budgeted level: 179 FTEs*

FY2022-23 budgeted level: 180 FTEs*

FY2024-25 budgeted level: 183 FTEs**/164 FTEs

 *includes 7 positions transferred from ODH for asbestos program merger, funded by asbestos notification and licensing fees

 **183 positions on T.O. based an average of 10% of positions being vacant throughout the year. 164 positions can be supported for the entire year.